

GSM Europe

Retention of Communications Data to Fight Crime & Terrorism

TeliaSonera Sweden

Thomas Holst

Security Director

TeliaSonera Sweden - Facts

- Swedish population, June 2004 9.0 million
- Mobile subscriptions (incl pre-paid) 4.0 million
- PSTN subscriptions 5.7 million
- Internet subscriptions 1.5 million
- Call Data Records per Day ~400 - 500 million
(Mobile, SMS, Fixed and Internet)

LEA requests for Call Data Records

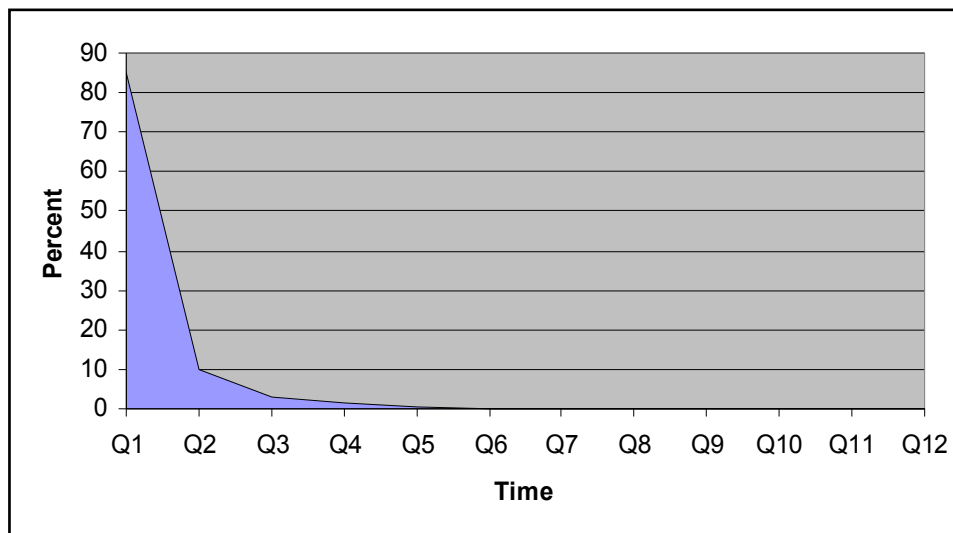
- 3 000 – 4 000 requests per year
- 50% of the requests apply to minor crimes
- Only a fraction of major crimes are terrorism related

Request distribution:

- Mobile 68%
- Fixed 30%
- Internet 2%

Age of LEA requested Call Data Records

- < than 3 months 85%
- 3 – 6 months 10%
- 6 – 12 months 4.5%
- > than 12 months 0.5%



Issues to be addressed

- Some of next generation telecom services (e.g. Skype, flat rate) will be unable to create CDR's
- To avoid discovery, terrorists and other criminal elements will use more sophisticated methods, such as encryption and simplex technologies
- The costs for additional data retention storage and search will increase dramatically

Use existing information more efficiently

- Increase the assistance to LEAs from Telcos
- Increase the IT competence level of LEA's investigators
- Fully utilise the current legislation and regulations